

American Troops Wounded in Trench Battle Are Now in Base Hospital

UNDER BEST OF CARE BY U. S. NURSES AND DOCTORS

(Continued from First Page.)

American training area Monday. A special program, showing the American troops going through their war paces, has been planned for their education.

Next week five additional American major generals will visit the American camp—making a total of ten major generals of the United States army who have been here in two weeks.

Note—It is evident that the wounded men herein referred to were wounded in the German raid, reported by the War Department today to have resulted in the first actual casualties to American troops. The United Press staff correspondent evidently was not permitted by the censorship to detail the circumstances. Only one wounded American has heretofore been reported in the dispatches—a signal corps lieutenant, whose leg was injured by shell fragments early last week.

AMERICAN ARMY WILL NOT SEE REAL FIGHTING UNTIL SPRING, SAYS OBSERVER

"It is not probable that our army in France will get into the fighting to any large extent until next spring," said William Allen White today upon his return from France, where he has been on a trip of inspection for the American Red Cross.

The real war work that should interest the people of America this winter is of an economic rather than of a military character.

WAR DEPARTMENT PUTS OUT FIRST CASUALTY LIST IN GRIM WAR

Three American infantrymen are dead, five wounded, and twelve were captured as the result of a sharp attack by Germans on a salient of front line French trenches held by Pershing's men, November 3.

One wounded German was captured. This brief report announced by the War Department brought home to America today the first casualties in dead and captured resulting from actual fighting between Sammies and the Hun.

Attack Before Daylight.

Attacking before daylight under protection of a heavy barrage fire which cut the American salient off from the rest of the line, the Germans apparently completed their operations before re-enforcements could help.

No word in Pershing's statement indicates what was the extent of the Americans' part in the fighting. An ordinary trench salient holds between twenty-five and thirty men, so it would appear the little force of Yankees was practically wiped out.

That a "wounded German" was taken prisoner, however, shows that actual fighting occurred before the Americans yielded. The size of the attacking force and German losses are not given. The War Department has cabled for full details.

First Reports Surmises.

First announcement of the capture of "North Americans" was made by Berlin Saturday. It was stated a "reconnoitering party" brought them in from a point on the Rhine-Marne canal. This would indicate that Pershing's men are on one of the main roads in Lorraine where the Germans advanced in their great drive of 1914, and where early in the war, some of the fiercest fighting of the period took place. For two years the sector has been more or less quiet.

The principal thing, War Department officials say, is that all Germany now knows Americans are in the front line trenches—a fact that Germany has been trying to keep secret.

The German attitude is indicated by her succinct statement that "North

Photograph Taken Today

Shows John C. Letts Starting Excavation For Foundation of Billy Sunday Tabernacle.



Mr. Letts is treasurer of the Washington Billy Sunday campaign committee and an ardent worker for the success of the meetings which begin in January.

Americans" were prisoners, not specifying that they were the first captures of Pershing's men.

Expect Spectacular Attack.

Having located some of the American forces, officials here believe the crown prince, whose army is opposite the point where the Saturday skirmish took place, may attempt to stage a spectacular attack in the sector.

The War Department is taking steps to assure future reports on engagements in which Americans figure reaching this country from American headquarters first—not by way of official communiques from Berlin.

Baker's Announcement.

Secretary Baker's announcement on the engagement read:

"The War Department has received a dispatch from the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces, which states that before daylight on November 3 a salient occupied for instruction by a company of American infantry was raided by Germans.

The enemy put down a heavy barrage fire, cutting off the salient from the rest of the line. Our losses are: Three killed, five wounded, and twelve captured or missing.

The losses of the Germans are unknown. One wounded German was taken prisoner by the Americans."

DRAFT VOTE IN CUBA TODAY.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 5.—Conscription or the selective draft will be adopted by the Cuban Congress, which convenes today. In accordance with President Menocal's recommendations, it is proposed to greatly increase the nation's regular army, militia, and naval forces. The total military forces are now 25,000. It is possible this will be doubled.

GERMANS, ACROSS RIVER, THREATEN ITALIAN LEFT WING

(Continued from First Page.)

different positions might equally be chosen for the purpose. All information about the decision of the allied commanders must necessarily be withheld.

RUSS CAPITAL WILL STAY AT PETROGRAD, INDICATIONS POINT

Official advice received today indicate the Russian constitutional assembly will convene in Petrograd the latter part of December or early in January. The fact that the meeting will be held in Petrograd would indicate that the intention to remove the capital to Moscow had been abandoned.

An inter-parliamentary meeting of the allies is being held in London to discuss the economic situation of Roumania. It transpires that through the Russian ambassador here \$5,000,000, which has been transferred to the Roumanian government is the first of a series of loans the allies will allot to that country. The division of the money from the allies' fund is being worked out by the London conference.

BRITISH SURPRISE RAID KILLS 100 GERMANS; GUNS ARE CAPTURED

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Thrusting forward in a surprise attack British troops last night captured fourteen Germans, killed 100, and took four machine guns and two trench mortars.

The war office today, announced the success.

The British losses were slight, it was stated.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS SUMMARY

The United States troops have had their first clash with the armed forces of the Kaiser. The brief announcement of the raid which took place "somewhere on the western front," was the overshadowing feature of the war news today, in so far as the personal interest of the United States is concerned, despite the tremendous scope of operations on the Italian front, the continued progress of the French along the Ailette river in the Alsine region, and the renewal of the British drive against the Turks along the Tigris river. It marks for all practical purposes the formal entry of the Pershing force into the world conflict. Three Americans were killed, five wounded, and twelve captured in the engagement.

According to a statement issued by the War Department at Washington the American troops figuring in the battle had been taken to the front line trenches "for instruction." It seems that the Germans had learned of the position of the party, thrown down a barrage fire behind and around them while they were thus isolated, overcame them by superior numbers. That the Pershing troops put up a game fight is shown by the announcement that they emerged from their ordeal with one wounded prisoner in their hands. The War Department bulletin says that the "enemy's loss is not known." Such surprise attacks as this on new forces is a favorite trick with the Germans. It was pointed out today that the same tactics had been followed by the Teutons when British territorial forces from Canada and Australia made their first appearance in the front line trenches.

ALLIED LEADERS CONFER.

The outcome of operations on the Trentino front—which appear to have settled temporarily to a deadlock siege—is expected to depend in a large measure on a conference among Premier David Lloyd George, of England, Premier Painleve, of France, and other high British and French authorities, and Italian government officials at Rome today. Preliminary dispatches from the Italian capital indicate that the first purpose of the parley will be to map out a concerted plan for a counter drive against the invading Germans by Italian, British, and French troops. Announcement was made last week that French and British re-enforcements were being rushed to General Cadorna's aid.

The latest war office statement from Rome tells of the repulse of heavy German attacks on the Italian lines in the Doane and Giunellia valleys in the Giudicaria zone. The artillery duel along the Tagliamento continues unabated with the Italians replying vigorously. Several counter attacks have been made by General Cadorna during the last twenty-four hours against Germans pressing his left wing.

FRENCH CONTINUE ADVANCE.

The French continue to push their way forward along the Ailette river north of the Chemin des Dames. At last accounts the artillery activity was "very marked" in that immediate region.

In the Mesopotamia, British troops have driven the Turks from an important position on the right bank of the Tigris, opposite Due, about twenty miles north of Samarra. The report on this operation said the Turks were still in retreat. Fighting in the Flanders district is at a lull.

The latest war office statement from Rome admits that the Germans have succeeded in crossing the Tagliamento river. The exact extent of their transporative thrust was not revealed. Artillery activity along the river continues on an unabated scale. Pressure against the left wing of the Italian army appears to be increasing steadily. General Cadorna reports the repulse of several Austro-German attacks against his forces in that section during the last twenty-four hours.

ALLIED CRUISERS SHELL TURKISH COAST

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 5.—Allied cruisers have bombarded the Turkish coast in the Mediterranean. The war office reports that shore batteries drove off the attacking forces.

On the Caucasian front attacks by two companies of Russians are reported repulsed.

GERMAN GENERAL DIES FROM WOUNDS AT RIGA

LONDON, Nov. 5.—General von Berrers, commanding the Wurtemberg armies on the northeast front, is dead as the result of a wound received while visiting the trenches near Riga last Friday, according to a dispatch from Amsterdam.

The general had a prominent share in the offensive against the Russians in the region.

INVADERS OF ITALY

(Copyright, 1917, by John T. McCulloch.)

410 A. D.—ALARIC (AFTER DE NEUVILLE). 1917 A. D.—WILHELM (AFTER CADORNA).



TODAY

(Continued from First Page.)

ing are telling their story to the brain, and it is always a story of SOUND.

Each of our senses, or systems of nerve information, is able to help the others.

Experiments have shown that patches of color as far away as not to be recognized were identified immediately when a tuning fork was sounded close to the ear of a man who was straining his eyesight. Letters too far off to be read could be distinguished when the tuning fork was heard.

Do you doubt this? Haven't you noticed that pain is increased by noise or light, and nausea by other sensations? The sufferer is instantly made worse by bright light or loud talking. The sensitive qualities of the eye or ear nerves multiply the power of sensation.

Throughout your whole extraordinary machine division of labor and increase of power through cooperation exists. If a certain part of your brain is affected you can no longer speak, although you may hear as well as ever.

When the lower centers of a person's brain are removed it fails to recognize its young ones or its mate.

The spinal marrow does a certain amount of automatic thinking. A frog deprived of its brain will use one leg to rub away acid placed on the other.

You may think that this painful fact does not interest you, but it does. It shows that the nerves and muscles can be trained, that they have a memory of their own. You can educate your nervous system to good habits, and make it work for you instead of against you.

Your feet have for some things a better memory than your head. If asked how many steps there are in your staircase, you do not remember. But your feet remember. They will take you up and down in the dark without danger. In the dark your hand knows on which side of the door the knob is, although you might not be able to tell from memory.

It will be worth your while to study psychology. If only to learn the value of educating your nerves and muscles properly, thus saving yourself repeated efforts of the will.

No more room today, as the dormouse said. If you would have been willing to read more of this, buy and study the book that is here recommended.

SHIPYARDS MEN WILL NOT ACCEPT BOARD WAGE RATE

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The United States shipbuilding labor adjustment board has announced a uniform minimum wage scale for the

Pacific Coast yards, which is intended to serve as a guide for all the nation's shipyards. An increase of from 10 to 20 per cent over the former scale is effected by the new wages. The decision also indicates that interference of employees with the work of national defense in time of war would be "intolerable."

The scale is not satisfactory to the men. According to a union conference, the entire shipbuilding crafts of the western coast will appeal to President Wilson for modification of the new wage scale. Although a general increase is apparently effected, the uniformity of the new scale makes it lower in some localities than the temporary scale now in force.

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WORK BEGUN ON BIG TABERNACLE WITH PRAYERS

(Continued from First Page.)

is not the crowds that will come to this spot that are important. It is the change that will come into the lives of the men and women who will come here.

Sunday's Agent a Speaker.

Dr. James E. Walker, advance representative of Mr. Sunday, said: "It is no new theology that Mr. Sunday comes to teach us. It is simply the word of God as he understands it. He is simply coming to help men and women to do better. Not Billy Sunday but Washington is on trial."

Postmaster Chance, chairman of the campaign committee, who presided at the ground-breaking ceremony, in his few opening remarks, told how laymen and clergy of Washington were co-operating to make a great success out of the Sunday campaign. He showed the permit granted for use of the grounds signed by Vice President Marshall, Speaker Champ Clark, and Elliott Woods, Superintendent of the Capitol.

Prayer by Dr. Gordon.

The Rev. Dr. James Gordon of the First Congregational Church, in his closing prayer, said: "As the spade went into the soil this morning, may Billy Sunday's sword of truth go into human hearts here in Washington."

The actual breaking of the ground was an honor that fell to John C. Letts, chairman of the Sunday campaign. In recognition of his untiring efforts to bring Billy Sunday to Washington.

The ceremony, which was performed under a big United States flag, was simple, and the speeches were short. A crowd of about 100 attended, standing bareheaded around a temporary platform.

MORNING NOON or NIGHT —That's when I like them! SAVES WHEAT FOR OUR SOLDIERS —Bobby POST TOASTIES